



Alta California Regional Center CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

Board Approved: 3/27/2025

Effective Date: 3/27/2025

BACKGROUND

Alta California Regional Center (ACRC) recognizes the importance of transparency and accountability to the community it serves.

POLICY

Members of the Board of Directors and all employees, including the Executive Director, shall avoid any conflict of interest between their respective personal, professional, business interests and the interest of ACRC in any and all actions taken by them on behalf of ACRC. A conflict of interest is defined as any activity, event, transaction or action that may influence or benefit a Board member, employee or family member of a Board member or employee. ACRC shall follow all laws and regulations regarding conflicts of interest, including but not limited to the California Welfare and Institutions Code (§§ [4626](#) - [4626.5](#)) and the California Code of Regulations (§§ [54500-54535](#)).

Definitions

Conflict of Interest (COI): A "conflict of interest" occurs when an individual's personal, financial, or other private interests could potentially influence, or appear to influence, their professional judgment, decisions, or actions. Examples include but are not limited to:

1. Financial interest: A person has a financial interest if a person¹ has, directly or indirectly, through business, investment, or family:

- a. An ownership or investment interest in any ACRC vendor²; or
- b. A compensation³ agreement with ACRC or with any entity or individual with which ACRC has a transaction or arrangement.

¹Person Any director, principal officer, member of the governing board or employee of ACRC

²Excludes parent or family member who is a vendor for their child or family member.

³Compensation includes direct and indirect remuneration, including gifts valued over fifteen dollars (\$15) or favors. A financial interest is not necessarily a conflict of interest. A person who has a financial interest may have a conflict of interest only if the Board or Executive Director decides that a conflict of interest exists, in accordance with this policy.

2. Personal Relationships:

- a. Regional center senior staff shall be prohibited from hiring relatives at the center or any ancillary foundation and organization.
- b. Hiring a family member, close friend, or romantic partner for a position or contract where your professional judgment may be biased.
- c. Making decisions that favor businesses or entities owned by family members or friends.

3. Outside Employment:

- a. Holding a job or consultancy role with another organization that competes with, or has business relations with, your primary employer.
- b. Using company time or resources for outside business interests.

4. Board Memberships: Serving on the board of a company or organization that does business with your employer, especially if this position influences company decisions.

5. Confidential Information: Using proprietary or confidential information obtained through your professional role for personal gain or advantage or any unlawful disclosure.

6. Political and Social Affiliations:

- a. Engaging in political activities or advocacy that could compromise your professional neutrality or the perception of your impartiality.
- b. Promoting personal beliefs or causes in a way that affects your professional responsibilities and decisions.

Procedures

1. Duty to Disclose – Board Members and all regional center employees must, upon hire and annually by August 1st each year or with any change in status, complete a conflict of interest statement. Candidates for the Board of Directors, applicants for regional center Executive Director and potential employees must complete a conflict of interest statement prior to being appointed, elected or hired. In connection with an actual or possible conflict of interest, an interested person must disclose the existence of the financial interest or other benefit and be given the opportunity to disclose all material facts to the Board or Executive Director.

2. Recusal of Self – Any Board Member may recuse himself or herself at any time from involvement in any decision or discussion in which the Board Member believes he or she has or may have a conflict of interest, without going through the process for determining whether a conflict of interest exists.

3. Determining Whether a Conflict of Interest Exists – After disclosure of the financial interest or other potential conflict of interest and all material facts, and after any discussion with the interested person, he/she shall leave the Board meeting while the determination of a conflict of interest is discussed and voted upon. The remaining Board or Executive Committee members shall decide if a conflict of interest exists. The Executive Director shall determine if a conflict of interest exists for any regional center staff member.

4. Violations of the Conflict of Interest Policy

a. If the Board or Executive Director has reasonable cause to believe a Board Member or employee has failed to disclose actual or possible conflicts of interest, the Board or Executive Director shall inform the Board Member or employee of the basis for such belief and afford the member an opportunity to explain the alleged failure to disclose.

b. If, after hearing the Board member or employee's response and after making further investigation as warranted by the circumstances, the Board or Executive Committee determines the Board Member or Employee has failed to disclose an actual or possible conflict of interest, it shall take appropriate disciplinary and corrective action.

c. No voting member of the Board or any committee whose jurisdiction includes compensation matters and who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from ACRC, either individually or collectively, is prohibited from providing information to any committee regarding compensation.

5. Annual Conflict of Interest Statements

Each Board Member and all employees shall annually sign a statement which affirms such person:

1. Has received a copy of the conflict of interest policy,
2. Has read and understands the policy.
3. Has agreed to comply with the policy, and disclose any actual or potential conflict of interest and
4. Understands ACRC is charitable and in order to maintain its federal tax exemption it must engage primarily in activities which accomplish one or more of its tax-exempt purposes.
5. If at any time during the year, the information in the annual statement changes materially, the Board Member or Employee shall disclose such changes and revise the annual conflict of interest form.

6. Regular Review – The Executive Committee and the Executive Director shall regularly and consistently monitor and enforce compliance with this policy by reviewing annual statements and taking such other actions as are necessary for effective oversight.